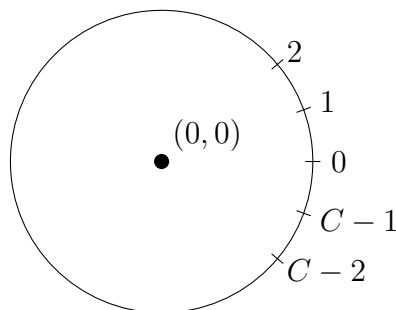


## Problem S4: Good Triplets

### Problem Description

Andrew is a very curious student who drew a circle with the center at  $(0, 0)$  and an integer circumference of  $C \geq 3$ . The location of a point on the circle is the counter-clockwise arc length from the right-most point of the circle.



Andrew drew  $N \geq 3$  points at integer locations. In particular, the  $i^{\text{th}}$  point is drawn at location  $P_i$  ( $0 \leq P_i \leq C - 1$ ). It is possible for Andrew to draw multiple points at the same location.

A good triplet is defined as a triplet  $(a, b, c)$  that satisfies the following conditions:

- $1 \leq a < b < c \leq N$ .
- The origin  $(0, 0)$  lies strictly inside the triangle with vertices at  $P_a$ ,  $P_b$ , and  $P_c$ . In particular, the origin is **not** on the triangle's perimeter.

Lastly, two triplets  $(a, b, c)$  and  $(a', b', c')$  are distinct if  $a \neq a'$ ,  $b \neq b'$ , or  $c \neq c'$ .

Andrew, being a curious student, wants to know the number of distinct good triplets. Please help him determine this number.

### Input Specification

The first line contains the integers  $N$  and  $C$ , separated by one space.

The second line contains  $N$  space-separated integers. The  $i^{\text{th}}$  integer is  $P_i$  ( $0 \leq P_i \leq C - 1$ ).

The following table shows how the available 15 marks are distributed.

La version française figure à la suite de la version anglaise.

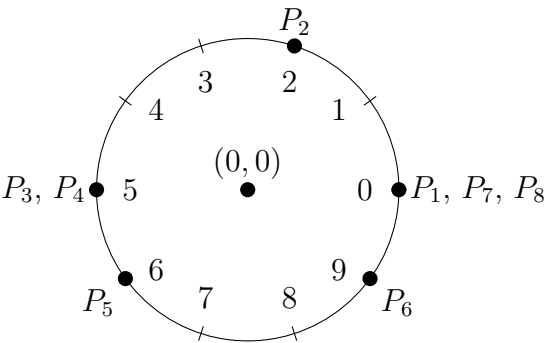
Marks Awarded	Number of Points	Circumference	Additional Constraints
3 marks	$3 \leq N \leq 200$	$3 \leq C \leq 10^6$	None
3 marks	$3 \leq N \leq 10^6$	$3 \leq C \leq 6\,000$	None
6 marks	$3 \leq N \leq 10^6$	$3 \leq C \leq 10^6$	$P_1, P_2, \dots, P_N$ are all distinct (i.e., every location contains at most one point)
3 marks	$3 \leq N \leq 10^6$	$3 \leq C \leq 10^6$	None

**Output Specification**  
Output the number of distinct good triplets.

**Sample Input**  
8 10  
0 2 5 5 6 9 0 0

**Output for Sample Input**  
6

**Explanation of Output for Sample Input**  
Andrew drew the following diagram.



The origin lies strictly inside the triangle with vertices  $P_1$ ,  $P_2$ , and  $P_5$ , so  $(1, 2, 5)$  is a good triplet. The other five good triplets are  $(2, 3, 6)$ ,  $(2, 4, 6)$ ,  $(2, 5, 6)$ ,  $(2, 5, 7)$ , and  $(2, 5, 8)$ .